

Year 12	Introduced	Used	Used	Confident
Memory				
The multi-store model, including the concepts of encoding, capacity and duration. Strengths and limitations of the model <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The working memory model, including its strengths and limitations 				
Eyewitness testimony (EWT). Factors affecting the accuracy of EWT, including misleading information, anxiety, age of witness <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improving accuracy of EWT, including the use of the cognitive interview • Strategies for memory improvement 				
Attachment				
Explanations of attachment, including learning theory and Bowlby's theory <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of attachment: secure attachment, insecure-avoidant and insecure resistant • Use of the "Strange Situation" in attachment research • Cultural variations in attachment • The effects of disruption of attachment, failure to form attachment (privation) and institutional care 				
The impact of different forms of day care on children's social development, including the effects on aggression and peer relations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How research into attachment and day care has influenced child care practices 				
Stress				
The body's response to stress, including the pituitary-adrenal system and the sympathomedullary pathway in outline <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stress-related illness and the immune system 				
Life changes and daily hassles as sources of stress <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workplace stress including the effects of workload and control • Personality factors, including Type A and Type B behaviour, hardiness • Psychological and biological methods of stress management, including stress inoculation therapy and drug therapy 				
Social Influence				
Conformity (majority influence) and explanations of why people conform, including informational social influence and normative social influence <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of conformity, including internalisation and compliance • Obedience to authority, including Milgram's work and explanations of why people obey 				
Explanations of independent behaviour, including locus of control, how people resist pressures to conform and resist pressures to obey authority <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How social influence research helps us to understand social change; the role of minority influence in social change 				
Psychopathology				
Definitions of abnormality, including deviation from social norms, failure to function adequately and deviation from ideal mental health, and limitations of these definitions of psychological abnormality <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The biological approach to psychopathology • Psychological approaches to psychopathology including the psychodynamic, behavioural and cognitive approaches 				
Biological therapies & Psychological therapies				

